

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd. Suite 200 Columbus, OH 43214 Phone: (614) 451-4375

Fax: (614) 451-5284

Genetic Testing Summary

Enclosed are the genetic testing results for

CB 583

No amount of genetic testing can guarantee that a child will not be affected with a genetic condition. Genetic testing can inform you of the likelihood of passing on the genetic conditions that are tested for, but it cannot eliminate the risk of passing on any genetic condition.

The genetic conditions Cryobio tests for are inherited in an autosomal recessive manner. This means that the child would have to inherit a genetic mutation from both the sperm source and the egg source to be affected with the condition. When both the sperm source and the egg source have undergone genetic carrier screening and the test results are negative, the risk of a child being affected with the conditions tested for is significantly reduced, but it cannot be completely eliminated.

All recipients should discuss both or their own risk for passing on genetic conditions and whether would benefit from genetic counseling and testing with their health care provider. Before using a donor that is a carrier for a specific recessive genetic condition or conditions, we strongly recommend that the recipient (or egg source, if different) consider genetic counseling and testing to determine if they are a carrier for the same genetic condition or conditions as the donor.

Screening and testing have changed dramatically over the years, and so the screening and testing done on each donor may very depending on the testing that was in place when he was actively in Cryobio's donor program. Earlier donors may not have had as extensive testing as later donors. Screening and testing may change again in the future, so please review the results each time before ordering as both the testing done and the results may change.





Patient name:

CB 583

DOB:

Male

Sex assigned at birth:

Gender:

Patient ID (MRN):

Sample type:

Sample collection date:

Blood

27-SEP-2023

28-SEP-2023 Sample accession date:

Report date:

16-OCT-2023

Invitae #:

Clinical team: Chase Fulton

David Prescott

Reason for testing

Gamete donor

Test performed

Invitae Comprehensive Carrier Screen

- Primary Panel (CF, SMA)
- Add-on Comprehensive Carrier Screen genes



RESULT: POSITIVE

This carrier test evaluated 556 gene(s) for genetic changes (variants) that are associated with an increased risk of having a child with a genetic condition. Knowledge of carrier status for one of these conditions may provide information that can be used to assist with family planning and/or preparation. Carrier screening is not intended for diagnostic purposes. To identify a potential genetic basis for a condition in the individual being tested, diagnostic testing for the gene(s) of interest is recommended.

This test shows the presence of clinically significant genetic change(s) in this individual in the gene(s) indicated below. No other clinically significant changes were identified in the remaining genes evaluated with this test.

| GENE | VARIANT(S) | INHERITANCE | PARTNER TESTING RECOMMENDED |
|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SLC26A3 | c.2024_2026dup (p.lle675dup) | Autosomal recessive | Yes |
| SYNE4 | c.121_122dup (p.Ser41Argfs*63) | Autosomal recessive | Yes |
| | SLC26A3 | SLC26A3 c.2024_2026dup (p.lle675dup) | SLC26A3 c.2024_2026dup (p.Ile675dup) Autosomal recessive |

Next steps

- See the table above for recommendations regarding testing of this individual's reproductive partner.
- Even for genes that have a negative test result, there is always a small risk that an individual could still be a carrier. This is called "residual risk." See the Carrier detection rates and residual risks document.
- Discussion with a physician and/or genetic counselor is recommended to further review the implications of this test result and to understand these results in the context of any family history of a genetic condition.
- All patients, regardless of result, may wish to consider additional screening for hemoglobinopathies by complete blood count (CBC) and hemoglobin electrophoresis, if this has not already been completed.
- Individuals can register their tests at https://www.invitae.com/patients/ to access online results, educational resources, and next steps.



Invitae #:

DOB:

Clinical summary



RESULT: CARRIER

Congenital secretory chloride diarrhea

A single Pathogenic variant, c.2024_2026dup (p.lle675dup), was identified in SLC26A3.

What is congenital secretory chloride diarrhea?

Congenital secretory chloride diarrhea is a condition that affects the intestines. Congenital secretory chloride diarrhea is characterized by profuse diarrhea with high chloride concentrations. Intrauterine onset of diarrhea can cause excess amniotic fluid (polyhydramnios) and dilated intestinal loops in the fetus. Premature birth is common, and newborns may lack stool composed of materials ingested during the pregnancy (meconium) and have abdominal distention. After birth, chronic diarrhea leads to low chloride and potassium levels in the blood (hypochloremia and hypokalemia, respectively), buildup of harmful compounds in the blood, making it too alkaline (metabolic alkalosis), poor growth (failure to thrive), dehydration, and mild yellowing of the skin and whites of the eyes (jaundice). If treated properly with sodium chloride and potassium chloride, the long-term outcome is favorable. However, adults may develop additional manifestations including chronic kidney disease, intestinal inflammation, inguinal hernias, and reduced fertility in males. Follow-up depends on each affected individual's specific situation, and discussion with a healthcare provider should be considered.

Next steps

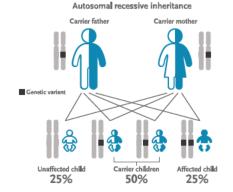
Carrier testing for the reproductive partner is recommended.

+ If your partner tests positive:

In autosomal recessive inheritance, an individual must have disease-causing genetic changes in each copy of the SLC26A3 gene to be affected. Carriers, who have a disease-causing genetic change in only one copy of the gene, typically do not have symptoms. When both reproductive partners are carriers of an autosomal recessive condition, there is a 25% chance for each child to have the condition.

If your partner tests negative:

A negative carrier test result reduces, but does not eliminate, the chance that a person may be a carrier. The risk that a person could still be a carrier, even after a negative test result, is called a residual risk. See the table below for your partner's hypothetical



residual risk after testing negative for congenital secretory chloride diarrhea. These values are provided only as a guide, are based on the detection rate for the condition as tested at Invitae, and assume a negative family history, the absence of symptoms, and vary based on the ethnic background of an individual. For genes associated with both dominant and recessive inheritance, the numbers provided apply to the recessive condition(s) associated with the gene.

| DISORDER (INHERITANCE) | GENE | ETHNICITY | | CARRIER RESIDUAL RISK AFTER NEGATIVE RESULT |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|--|
| Congenital secretory chloride diarrhea (AR) NM_000111.2 | SLC26A3 | Pan-ethnic | ≤1 in 500 | Reduced |



Invitae #:

DOB:



RESULT: CARRIER

Nonsyndromic deafness (SYNE4-related)

A single Pathogenic variant, c.121_122dup (p.Ser41Argfs*63), was identified in SYNE4.

What is nonsyndromic deafness (SYNE4-related)?

Nonsyndromic deafness is a condition that affects an individual's ability to hear. It can be caused by changes in several different genes. Nonsyndromic deafness does not affect any other part of the body. Affected individuals are born with mild to profound deafness that typically does not worsen over time. Severity of deafness may vary, even among members of the same family. Intellect and life span are not impacted. Follow-up depends on each affected individual's specific situation, and discussion with a healthcare provider should be considered.

Next steps

Carrier testing for the reproductive partner is recommended.

+ If your partner tests positive:

In autosomal recessive inheritance, an individual must have disease-causing genetic changes in each copy of the SYNE4 gene to be affected. Carriers, who have a disease-causing genetic change in only one copy of the gene, typically do not have symptoms. When both reproductive partners are carriers of an autosomal recessive condition, there is a 25% chance for each child to have the condition.

If your partner tests negative:

A negative carrier test result reduces, but does not eliminate, the chance that a person may be a carrier. The risk that a person could still be a carrier, even after a negative test result, is called a residual risk. See the table below for your partner's hypothetical

residual risk after testing negative for nonsyndromic deafness (SYNE4-related). These values are provided only as a guide, are based on the detection rate for the condition as tested at Invitae, and assume a negative family history, the absence of symptoms, and vary based on the ethnic background of an individual. For genes associated with both dominant and recessive inheritance, the numbers provided apply to the recessive condition(s) associated with the gene.

| recessive containon(s) associated with the gene. | | | | |
|---|-------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|
| DISORDER (INHERITANCE) | GENE | ETHNICITY | CARRIER FREQUENCY BEFORE SCREENING | |
| Nonsyndromic deafness (SYNE4-related) (AR) NM_001039876.2 | SYNE4 | Pan-ethnic | ≤1 in 500 | Reduced |

25%



Invitae #:

DOB:

Results to note

FMR1

Normal triplet repeats observed: 30. CGG repeat ranges: normal (<45 CGG repeats), intermediate (45-54 CGG repeats), premutation (55-200 CGG repeats), full mutation (>200 CGG repeats).

SMN1

Negative result. SMN1: 2 copies; c.*3+80T>G not detected.

Pseudodeficiency allele(s)

- Benign change, c.1021C>T (p.Arg341Trp), known to be a pseudodeficiency allele, identified in the FAH gene. Pseudodeficiency alleles are not known to be associated with disease, including tyrosinemia type I.
- Benign change, c.1685T>C (p.Ile562Thr), known to be a pseudodeficiency allele, identified in the GALC gene. Pseudodeficiency alleles are not known to be associated with disease, including Krabbe disease.
- The presence of a pseudodeficiency allele does not impact this individual's risk to be a carrier. Individuals with pseudodeficiency alleles may exhibit false positive results on related biochemical tests, including newborn screening. However, pseudodeficiency alleles are not known to cause disease, even when there are two copies of the variant (homozygous) or when in combination with another disease-causing variant (compound heterozygous). Carrier testing for the reproductive partner is not indicated based on this result.

Variant details

SLC26A3, Exon 18, c.2024_2026dup (p.lle675dup), heterozygous, PATHOGENIC

- This variant, c.2024_2026dup, results in the insertion of 1 amino acid(s) of the SLC26A3 protein (p.lle675dup), but otherwise preserves the integrity of the reading frame.
- This variant is present in population databases (rs386833470, gnomAD 0.01%).
- This variant has been observed in individuals with congenital chloride diarrhea (PMID: 9718329, 18216024, 21332001, 28644346).
- This variant is also known as 1675/6ins, c.2025_2026insATC, and 1668–669ins.
- ClinVar contains an entry for this variant (Variation ID: 55988).
- Algorithms developed to predict the effect of variants on protein structure and function are not available or were not evaluated for this variant.
- Experimental studies have shown that this variant affects SLC26A3 function (PMID: 12411484, 18216024).
- For these reasons, this variant has been classified as Pathogenic.

SYNE4, Exon 1, c.121_122dup (p.Ser41Argfs*63), heterozygous, PATHOGENIC

- This sequence change creates a premature translational stop signal (p.Ser41Argfs*63) in the SYNE4 gene. It is expected to result in an absent or disrupted protein product. Loss-of-function variants in SYNE4 are known to be pathogenic (PMID: 23348741, 28958982).
- This variant is present in population databases (rs758800042, gnomAD 0.002%).
- This variant has not been reported in the literature in individuals affected with SYNE4-related conditions.
- For these reasons, this variant has been classified as Pathogenic.





DOB:

Invitae #:

Residual risk

No carrier test can detect 100% of carriers. There still remains a small risk of being a carrier after a negative test (residual risk). Residual risk values assume a negative family history and are inferred from published carrier frequencies and estimated detection rates based on testing technologies used at Invitae. You can view Invitae's complete Carrier detection rates and residual risks document (containing all carrier genes) online at https://www.invitae.com/carrier-residual-risks/. Additionally, the order-specific information for this report is available to download in the portal (under this order's documents) or can be requested by contacting Invitae Client Services. The complete Carrier detection rates and residual risks document will not be applicable for any genes with specimen-specific limitations in sequencing and/or deletion/duplication coverage. Please see the final bullet point in the Limitations section of this report to view if this specimen had any gene-specific coverage gaps.



Invitae #:

DOB:

DOB.

Genes analyzed

This table represents a complete list of genes analyzed for this individual, including the relevant gene transcript(s). If more than one transcript is listed for a single gene, variants were reported using the first transcript listed unless otherwise indicated in the report. An asterisk (*) indicates that this gene has a limitation. Please see the Limitations section for details. Results are negative, unless otherwise indicated in the report.

| ABCA12 N ABCA3 N ABCA4 N ABCB11 N | IM_015665.5 IM_173076.2 IM_001089.2 IM_000350.2 IM_003742.2 IM_000443.3 IM_000352.4 |
|--|---|
| ABCA3 N ABCA4 N ABCB11 N | IM_001089.2 IM_000350.2 IM_003742.2 IM_000443.3 IM_000392.4 IM_000352.4 |
| ABCA4 N ABCB11 N | IM_000350.2 IM_003742.2 IM_000443.3 IM_000392.4 IM_000352.4 |
| ABCB11 N | IM_003742.2 IM_000443.3 IM_000392.4 IM_000352.4 |
| | IM_000443.3 IM_000392.4 IM_000352.4 |
| ABCB4 N | IM_000392.4 IM_000352.4 |
| | NM_000352.4 |
| ABCC2* | |
| ABCC8 N | |
| ABCD1 N | IM_000033.3 |
| ACAD9 N | M_014049.4 |
| ACADM N | M_000016.5 |
| ACADVL N | M_000018.3 |
| ACAT1 N | M_000019.3 |
| ACOX1 N | IM_004035.6 |
| ACSF3 N | IM_174917.4 |
| ADA N | M_000022.2 |
| ADAMTS2 N | NM_014244.4 |
| ADAMTSL4 N | NM_019032.5 |
| ADGRG1 N | IM_005682.6 |
| ADGRV1 N | NM_032119.3 |
| AGA N | IM_000027.3 |
| AGL N | M_000642.2 |
| AGPS N | IM_003659.3 |
| AGXT N | M_000030.2 |
| AHI1 N | M_017651.4 |
| AIPL1* N | M_014336.4 |
| AIRE N | M_000383.3 |
| ALDH3A2 N | M_000382.2 |
| ALDH7A1 N | M_001182.4 |
| ALDOB N | IM_000035.3 |
| ALG1 N | NM_019109.4 |
| ALG13 N | NM_001099922.2 |
| ALG6 N | NM_013339.3 |
| ALMS1 N | NM_015120.4 |
| ALPL N | NM_000478.5 |
| AMN* N | NM_030943.3 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|----------|-------------|
| AMT | NM_000481.3 |
| ANO10* | NM_018075.3 |
| AP1S1 | NM_001283.3 |
| AQP2 | NM_000486.5 |
| AR* | NM_000044.3 |
| ARG1 | NM_000045.3 |
| ARL6 | NM_177976.2 |
| ARSA | NM_000487.5 |
| ARSB | NM_000046.3 |
| ARSE | NM_000047.2 |
| ARX* | NM_139058.2 |
| ASL | NM_000048.3 |
| ASNS | NM_133436.3 |
| ASPA | NM_000049.2 |
| ASS1 | NM_000050.4 |
| ATM* | NM_000051.3 |
| ATP6V1B1 | NM_001692.3 |
| ATP7A | NM_000052.6 |
| ATP7B | NM_000053.3 |
| ATP8B1* | NM_005603.4 |
| ATRX | NM_000489.4 |
| AVPR2 | NM_000054.4 |
| BBS1 | NM_024649.4 |
| BBS10 | NM_024685.3 |
| BBS12 | NM_152618.2 |
| BBS2 | NM_031885.3 |
| BBS4 | NM_033028.4 |
| BBS5 | NM_152384.2 |
| BBS7 | NM_176824.2 |
| BBS9* | NM_198428.2 |
| BCKDHA | NM_000709.3 |
| BCKDHB | NM_183050.2 |
| BCS1L | NM_004328.4 |
| BLM | NM_000057.3 |
| BLOC1S3 | NM_212550.4 |
| BLOC1S6 | NM_012388.3 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---------|-------------------------|
| ВМР1 | NM_006129.4;NM_001199.3 |
| BRIP1 | NM_032043.2 |
| BSND | NM_057176.2 |
| ВТК | NM_000061.2 |
| CAD | NM_004341.4 |
| CANT1 | NM_138793.3 |
| CAPN3 | NM_000070.2 |
| CASQ2 | NM_001232.3 |
| CBS | NM_000071.2 |
| CC2D1A | NM_017721.5 |
| CC2D2A | NM_001080522.2 |
| CCDC103 | NM_213607.2 |
| CCDC39 | NM_181426.1 |
| CCDC88C | NM_001080414.3 |
| CD3D | NM_000732.4 |
| CD3E | NM_000733.3 |
| CD40 | NM_001250.5 |
| CD40LG | NM_000074.2 |
| CD59 | NM_203330.2 |
| CDH23 | NM_022124.5 |
| CEP152 | NM_014985.3 |
| CEP290 | NM_025114.3 |
| CERKL | NM_001030311.2 |
| CFTR* | NM_000492.3 |
| CHAT | NM_020549.4 |
| СНМ | NM_000390.2 |
| CHRNE | NM_000080.3 |
| CHRNG | NM_005199.4 |
| CIITA | NM_000246.3 |
| CLCN1 | NM_000083.2 |
| CLN3 | NM_001042432.1 |
| CLN5 | NM_006493.2 |
| CLN6 | NM_017882.2 |
| CLN8 | NM_018941.3 |
| CLRN1 | NM_174878.2 |
| CNGB3 | NM_019098.4 |



DOB:

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|----------|----------------|
| COL11A2* | NM_080680.2 |
| COL17A1 | NM_000494.3 |
| COL27A1 | NM_032888.3 |
| COL4A3 | NM_000091.4 |
| COL4A4 | NM_000092.4 |
| COL4A5 | NM_000495.4 |
| COL7A1 | NM_000094.3 |
| COX15 | NM_004376.6 |
| CPS1 | NM_001875.4 |
| CPT1A | NM_001876.3 |
| CPT2 | NM_000098.2 |
| CRB1 | NM_201253.2 |
| CRTAP | NM_006371.4 |
| CTNS | NM_004937.2 |
| CTSA | NM_000308.3 |
| CTSC | NM_001814.5 |
| CTSD | NM_001909.4 |
| CTSK | NM_000396.3 |
| CYBA | NM_000101.3 |
| СҮВВ | NM_000397.3 |
| CYP11A1 | NM_000781.2 |
| CYP11B1 | NM_000497.3 |
| CYP11B2 | NM_000498.3 |
| CYP17A1 | NM_000102.3 |
| CYP19A1 | NM_031226.2 |
| CYP1B1 | NM_000104.3 |
| CYP21A2* | NM_000500.7 |
| CYP27A1 | NM_000784.3 |
| CYP27B1 | NM_000785.3 |
| CYP7B1 | NM_004820.3 |
| DBT | NM_001918.3 |
| DCAF17 | NM_025000.3 |
| DCLRE1C | NM_001033855.2 |
| DDX11* | NM_030653.3 |
| DFNB59 | NM_001042702.3 |
| DGAT1 | NM_012079.5 |
| DGUOK | NM_080916.2 |
| DHCR7 | NM_001360.2 |
| DHDDS | NM_024887.3 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---------|----------------|
| DKC1 | NM_001363.4 |
| DLD | NM_000108.4 |
| DLL3 | NM_016941.3 |
| DMD | NM_004006.2 |
| DNAH11 | NM_001277115.1 |
| DNAH5 | NM_001369.2 |
| DNAI1 | NM_012144.3 |
| DNAI2 | NM_023036.4 |
| DNMT3B | NM_006892.3 |
| DOK7 | NM_173660.4 |
| DUOX2* | NM_014080.4 |
| DYNC2H1 | NM_001080463.1 |
| DYSF | NM_003494.3 |
| EDA | NM_001399.4 |
| EIF2AK3 | NM_004836.6 |
| EIF2B1 | NM_001414.3 |
| EIF2B2 | NM_014239.3 |
| EIF2B3 | NM_020365.4 |
| EIF2B4 | NM_015636.3 |
| EIF2B5 | NM_003907.2 |
| ELP1 | NM_003640.3 |
| EMD | NM_000117.2 |
| EPG5 | NM_020964.2 |
| ERCC2 | NM_000400.3 |
| ERCC6 | NM_000124.3 |
| ERCC8 | NM_000082.3 |
| ESCO2 | NM_001017420.2 |
| ETFA | NM_000126.3 |
| ETFB | NM_001985.2 |
| ETFDH | NM_004453.3 |
| ETHE1 | NM_014297.3 |
| EVC | NM_153717.2 |
| EVC2 | NM_147127.4 |
| EXOSC3 | NM_016042.3 |
| EYS* | NM_001142800.1 |
| F9 | NM_000133.3 |
| FAH* | NM_000137.2 |
| FAM161A | NM_001201543.1 |
| FANCA | NM_000135.2 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---------|----------------------------|
| FANCB | NM_001018113.1 |
| FANCC | NM_001018113.1 |
| FANCD2* | NM_000136.2 NM_033084.3 |
| | |
| FANCE | NM_021922.2 |
| FANCG | NM_004629.1 |
| FANCI | NM_001113378.1 |
| FANCL* | NM_018062.3 |
| FBP1 | NM_000507.3 |
| FBXO7 | NM_012179.3 |
| FH* | NM_000143.3 |
| FHL1 | NM_001449.4 |
| FKBP10 | NM_021939.3 |
| FKRP | NM_024301.4 |
| FKTN | NM_001079802.1 |
| FMO3 | NM_006894.6 |
| FMR1* | NM_002024.5 |
| FOXN1 | NM_003593.2 |
| FOXRED1 | NM_017547.3 |
| FRAS1 | NM_025074.6 |
| FREM2 | NM_207361.5 |
| FUCA1 | NM_000147.4 |
| G6PC | NM_000151.3 |
| G6PC3 | NM_138387.3 |
| GAA | NM_000152.3 |
| GALC* | NM_000153.3 |
| GALE* | NM_000403.3 |
| GALK1 | NM_000154.1 |
| GALNS | NM_000512.4 |
| GALNT3 | NM_004482.3 |
| GALT | NM_000155.3 |
| GAMT | NM_000156.5 |
| GATM | NM_001482.2 |
| GBA* | NM_001005741.2 |
| GBE1 | NM_000158.3 |
| GCDH | NM_000159.3 |
| GCH1 | NM_000161.2 |
| GDF5 | NM_000557.4 |
| GFM1 | NM_024996.5 |
| GHR* | NM_000163.4 |



DOB:

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|--------|----------------|
| GJB1 | NM_000166.5 |
| GJB2 | NM_004004.5 |
| GLA | NM_000169.2 |
| GLB1 | NM_000404.2 |
| GLDC | NM_000170.2 |
| GLE1 | NM_001003722.1 |
| GNE* | NM_001128227.2 |
| GNPAT | NM_014236.3 |
| GNPTAB | NM_024312.4 |
| GNPTG | NM_032520.4 |
| GNS | NM_002076.3 |
| GORAB | NM_152281.2 |
| GRHPR | NM_012203.1 |
| GRIP1 | NM_021150.3 |
| GSS | NM_000178.2 |
| GUCY2D | NM_000180.3 |
| GUSB | NM_000181.3 |
| HADH | NM_005327.4 |
| HADHA | NM_000182.4 |
| HADHB | NM_000183.2 |
| HAMP | NM_021175.2 |
| HAX1 | NM_006118.3 |
| HBA1* | NM_000558.4 |
| HBA2 | NM_000517.4 |
| HBB | NM_000518.4 |
| HCFC1 | NM_005334.2 |
| HEXA | NM_000520.4 |
| HEXB | NM_000521.3 |
| HGSNAT | NM_152419.2 |
| нју | NM_213653.3 |
| HLCS | NM_000411.6 |
| HMGCL | NM_000191.2 |
| нмох1 | NM_002133.2 |
| HOGA1 | NM_138413.3 |
| HPD | NM_002150.2 |
| HPRT1 | NM_000194.2 |
| HPS1 | NM_000195.4 |
| HPS3 | NM_032383.4 |
| HPS4 | NM_022081.5 |
| | |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|----------|----------------|
| HPS5 | NM_181507.1 |
| HPS6 | NM_024747.5 |
| HSD17B10 | NM_004493.2 |
| HSD17B3 | NM_000197.1 |
| HSD17B4 | NM_000414.3 |
| HSD3B2 | NM_000198.3 |
| HYAL1 | NM_153281.1 |
| HYLS1 | NM_145014.2 |
| IDS* | NM_000202.6 |
| IDUA | NM_000203.4 |
| IGHMBP2 | NM_002180.2 |
| IKBKB | NM_001556.2 |
| IL2RG | NM_000206.2 |
| IL7R | NM_002185.3 |
| INVS | NM_014425.3 |
| ITGA6 | NM_000210.3 |
| ITGB3 | NM_000212.2 |
| ITGB4 | NM_001005731.2 |
| IVD | NM_002225.3 |
| JAK3 | NM_000215.3 |
| KCNJ1 | NM_000220.4 |
| KCNJ11 | NM_000525.3 |
| L1CAM | NM_000425.4 |
| LAMA2 | NM_000426.3 |
| LAMA3 | NM_000227.4 |
| LAMB3 | NM_000228.2 |
| LAMC2 | NM_005562.2 |
| LARGE1 | NM_004737.4 |
| LCA5 | NM_181714.3 |
| LDLR | NM_000527.4 |
| LDLRAP1 | NM_015627.2 |
| LHX3 | NM_014564.4 |
| LIFR* | NM_002310.5 |
| LIG4 | NM_002312.3 |
| LIPA | NM_000235.3 |
| LMBRD1 | NM_018368.3 |
| LOXHD1 | NM_144612.6 |
| LPL | NM_000237.2 |
| LRAT | NM_004744.4 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| LRP2 | NM_004525.2 |
| LRPPRC | NM_133259.3 |
| LYST | NM_000081.3 |
| MAK | NM_001242957.2 |
| MAN2B1 | NM_000528.3 |
| MANBA | NM_005908.3 |
| MCEE | NM_032601.3 |
| MCOLN1 | NM_020533.2 |
| MCPH1 | NM_024596.4 |
| MECP2 | NM_004992.3;NM_00111079 2.1 |
| MECR | NM_016011.3 |
| MED17 | NM_004268.4 |
| MESP2 | NM_001039958.1 |
| MFSD8 | NM_152778.2 |
| MID1* | NM_000381.3 |
| MKKS | NM_018848.3 |
| MKS1 | NM_017777.3 |
| MLC1* | NM_015166.3 |
| MLYCD | NM_012213.2 |
| MMAA | NM_172250.2 |
| MMAB | NM_052845.3 |
| MMACHC | NM_015506.2 |
| MMADHC | NM_015702.2 |
| MOCS1 | NM_001358530.2 |
| MOCS2A | NM_176806.3 |
| MOCS2B | NM_004531.4 |
| MPI | NM_002435.2 |
| MPL | NM_005373.2 |
| MPV17 | NM_002437.4 |
| MRE11 | NM_005591.3 |
| MTHFR* | NM_005957.4 |
| MTM1 | NM_000252.2 |
| MTR | NM_000254.2 |
| MTRR | NM_002454.2 |
| MTTP | NM_000253.3 |
| MUSK | NM_005592.3 |
| MUT | NM_000255.3 |
| MVK | NM_000431.3 |
| MYO15A | NM_016239.3 |



DOB:

| | TRANSCRIPT |
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| MYO7A | NM_000260.3 |
| NAGA | NM_000262.2 |
| NAGLU | NM_000263.3 |
| NAGS | NM_153006.2 |
| NBN | NM_002485.4 |
| NCF2 | NM_000433.3 |
| NDRG1 | NM_006096.3 |
| NDUFAF2 | NM_174889.4 |
| NDUFAF5 | NM_024120.4 |
| NDUFS4 | NM_002495.3 |
| NDUFS6 | NM_004553.4 |
| NDUFS7 | NM_024407.4 |
| NDUFV1 | NM_007103.3 |
| NEB* | NM_001271208.1 |
| NEU1 | NM_000434.3 |
| NGLY1 | NM_018297.3 |
| NPC1 | NM_000271.4 |
| NPC2 | NM_006432.3 |
| NPHP1 | NM_000272.3 |
| NPHS1 | NM_004646.3 |
| NPHS2 | NM_014625.3 |
| NR0B1 | NM_000475.4 |
| NR2E3 | NM_014249.3 |
| NSMCE3 | NM_138704.3 |
| NTRK1 | NM_001012331.1 |
| OAT* | NM_000274.3 |
| OCA2 | NM_000275.2 |
| OCRL | NM_000276.3 |
| OPA3 | NM_025136.3 |
| OSTM1 | NM_014028.3 |
| отс | NM_000531.5 |
| OTOA* | NM_144672.3 |
| OTOF | NM_194248.2;NM_194323.2 |
| P3H1 | NM_022356.3 |
| PAH | NM_000277.1 |
| PANK2 | NM_153638.2 |
| PC | NM_000920.3 |
| PCBD1 | NM_000281.3 |
| PCCA | NM_000282.3 |

| PCCB NM_000532.4 PCDH15 NM_033056.3 PCNT NM_006031.5 PDHA1 NM_000284.3 PDHB NM_000285.3 PEPD NM_000285.3 PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000266.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_0004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX2 NM_0017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 NM_NM_002614.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 NM_001138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 NM_0011 PLEKHG5 NM_000330.2 NM_000330.2 PNPO NM_ | GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---|---------|----------------|
| PCNT NM_006031.5 PDHA1 NM_000284.3 PDHB NM_000925.3 PEPD NM_000285.3 PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000266.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX2 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_000303.2 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_0018129.3 POLG NM_0002693.2 POLH NM_000502.2 POMGNT1 NM_0017739.3 POMT2 NM_0007171.3 POMT2 NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PCCB | NM_000532.4 |
| PDHA1 NM_000284.3 PDHB NM_000925.3 PEPD NM_000925.3 PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000266.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHGS NM_000303.2 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_0002693.2 POLG NM_0002693.2 POLH NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000941.2 | PCDH15 | NM_033056.3 |
| PDHB NM_000925.3 PEPD NM_000285.3 PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_0033.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PLD1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_000503.2 POLG NM_000502.2 POMGNT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_000941.2 POR NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000906.3 | PCNT | NM_006031.5 |
| PEPD NM_000285.3 PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_00303.2 PLOD1 NM_000303.2 PLOD1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POR NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000306.3 | PDHA1 | NM_000284.3 |
| PET100 NM_001171155.1 PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_002618.3 PEX16 NM_0004813.2 PEX26 NM_000318.2 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_006214.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_00303.2 PLOD1 NM_000303.3 PHD0 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POR NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000306.3 | PDHB | NM_000925.3 |
| PEX1* NM_000466.2 PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_0002818.3 PEX16 NM_0004813.2 PEX2 NM_000318.2 PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_006214.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_000303.2 PLOD1 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_007771.3 POMT2 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PEPD | NM_000285.3 |
| PEX10 NM_153818.1 PEX12 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_000286.2 PEX13 NM_0002813.2 PEX26 NM_001318.2 PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_00303.2 PLD1 NM_000303.3 PLP1 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_007771.3 POMT2 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PET100 | NM_001171155.1 |
| PEX12 | PEX1* | NM_000466.2 |
| PEX13 | PEX10 | NM_153818.1 |
| PEX16 | PEX12 | NM_000286.2 |
| PEX2 | PEX13 | NM_002618.3 |
| PEX26 NM_017929.5 PEX5 NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHGS NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PEX16 | NM_004813.2 |
| PEXS NM_001131025.1 PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_00303.2 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000306.3 | PEX2 | NM_000318.2 |
| PEX6 NM_000287.3 PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_0013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POUTF1 NM_000306.3 | PEX26 | NM_017929.5 |
| PEX7 NM_000288.3 PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000502.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PEX5 | NM_001131025.1 |
| PFKM NM_000289.5 PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_002631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000502.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PEX6 | NM_000287.3 |
| PGM3 NM_001199917.1 PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_03560.2 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PEX7 | NM_000288.3 |
| PHGDH NM_006623.3 PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_03660.2 PLEKHG5 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_00303.3 PLP1 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_003941.2 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PFKM | NM_000289.5 |
| PHKB NM_000293.2;NM_00103183 5.2 PHKG2 NM_000294.2 PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000006.3 | PGM3 | NM_001199917.1 |
| 5.2 PHKG2 | PHGDH | NM_006623.3 |
| PHYH NM_006214.3 PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PHKB | • |
| PIGN NM_176787.4 PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PHKG2 | NM_000294.2 |
| PKHD1* NM_138694.3 PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_017739.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PHYH | NM_006214.3 |
| PLA2G6 NM_003560.2 PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_07171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PIGN | NM_176787.4 |
| PLEKHG5 NM_020631.4 PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_07171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_00306.3 | PKHD1* | NM_138694.3 |
| PLOD1 NM_000302.3 PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_07171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POUIF1 NM_00306.3 | PLA2G6 | NM_003560.2 |
| PLP1 NM_000533.4 PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POUIF1 NM_00306.3 | PLEKHG5 | NM_020631.4 |
| PMM2 NM_000303.2 PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POUIF1 NM_000306.3 | PLOD1 | NM_000302.3 |
| PNPO NM_018129.3 POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PLP1 | NM_000533.4 |
| POLG NM_002693.2 POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PMM2 | NM_000303.2 |
| POLH NM_006502.2 POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | PNPO | NM_018129.3 |
| POMGNT1 NM_017739.3 POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | POLG | NM_002693.2 |
| POMT1 NM_007171.3 POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | POLH | NM_006502.2 |
| POMT2 NM_013382.5 POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | POMGNT1 | NM_017739.3 |
| POR NM_000941.2 POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | POMT1 | NM_007171.3 |
| POU1F1 NM_000306.3 | POMT2 | NM_013382.5 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | POR | NM_000941.2 |
| PPT1 NM_000310.3 | POU1F1 | NM_000306.3 |
| | PPT1 | NM_000310.3 |

| CENE | TRANSCRIPT |
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| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
| PRCD | NM_001077620.2 |
| PRDM5 | NM_018699.3 |
| PRF1 | NM_001083116.1 |
| PROP1 | NM_006261.4 |
| PRPS1 | NM_002764.3 |
| PSAP | NM_002778.3 |
| PTPRC* | NM_002838.4 |
| PTS | NM_000317.2 |
| PUS1 | NM_025215.5 |
| PYGM | NM_005609.3 |
| QDPR | NM_000320.2 |
| RAB23 | NM_183227.2 |
| RAG1 | NM_000448.2 |
| RAG2 | NM_000536.3 |
| RAPSN | NM_005055.4 |
| RARS2 | NM_020320.3 |
| RDH12 | NM_152443.2 |
| RLBP1 | NM_000326.4 |
| RMRP | NR_003051.3 |
| RNASEH2A | NM_006397.2 |
| RNASEH2B | NM_024570.3 |
| RNASEH2C | NM_032193.3 |
| RP2 | NM_006915.2 |
| RPE65 | NM_000329.2 |
| RPGRIP1L | NM_015272.2 |
| RS1 | NM_000330.3 |
| RTEL1 | NM_001283009.1 |
| RXYLT1 | NM_014254.2 |
| RYR1 | NM_000540.2 |
| SACS | NM_014363.5 |
| SAMD9 | NM_017654.3 |
| SAMHD1 | NM_015474.3 |
| SCO2 | NM_005138.2 |
| SEC23B | NM_006363.4 |
| SEPSECS | NM_016955.3 |
| SGCA | NM_000023.2 |
| SGCB | NM_000232.4 |
| SGCD | NM_000337.5 |
| SGCG | NM_000231.2 |



DOB:

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
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| SGSH | NM_000199.3 |
| SKIV2L | NM_006929.4 |
| SLC12A1 | NM_000338.2 |
| SLC12A3 | NM_000339.2 |
| SLC12A6 | NM_133647.1 |
| SLC17A5 | NM_012434.4 |
| SLC19A2 | NM_006996.2 |
| SLC19A3 | NM_025243.3 |
| SLC1A4 | NM_003038.4 |
| SLC22A5 | NM_003060.3 |
| SLC25A13 | NM_014251.2 |
| SLC25A15 | NM_014252.3 |
| SLC25A20 | NM_000387.5 |
| SLC26A2 | NM_000112.3 |
| SLC26A3 | NM_000111.2 |
| SLC26A4 | NM_000441.1 |
| SLC27A4 | NM_005094.3 |
| SLC35A3 | NM_012243.2 |
| SLC37A4 | NM_001164277.1 |
| SLC38A8 | NM_001080442.2 |
| SLC39A4 | NM_130849.3 |
| SLC45A2 | NM_016180.4 |
| SLC4A11 | NM_032034.3 |
| SLC5A5 | NM_000453.2 |
| SLC6A8 | NM_005629.3 |
| SLC7A7 | NM_001126106.2 |
| SMARCAL1 | NM_014140.3 |
| SMN1* | NM_000344.3 |
| SMPD1 | NM_000543.4 |
| SNAP29 | NM_004782.3 |
| SPG11 | NM_025137.3 |
| SPR | NM_003124.4 |
| SRD5A2 | NM_000348.3 |
| ST3GAL5 | NM_003896.3 |
| STAR | NM_000349.2 |
| STX11 | NM_003764.3 |
| STXBP2 | NM_006949.3 |
| SUMF1 | NM_182760.3 |
| SUOX | NM_000456.2 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---------|----------------|
| SURF1 | NM_003172.3 |
| SYNE4 | NM_001039876.2 |
| TANGO2 | NM_152906.6 |
| TAT | NM_000353.2 |
| TAZ | NM_000116.4 |
| TBCD | NM_005993.4 |
| TBCE* | NM_003193.4 |
| TCIRG1 | NM_006019.3 |
| TCN2 | NM_000355.3 |
| TECPR2 | NM_014844.3 |
| TERT | NM_198253.2 |
| TF | NM_001063.3 |
| TFR2 | NM_003227.3 |
| TG* | NM_003235.4 |
| TGM1 | NM_000359.2 |
| TH | NM_199292.2 |
| TK2 | NM_004614.4 |
| TMC1 | NM_138691.2 |
| TMEM216 | NM_001173990.2 |
| TMEM67 | NM_153704.5 |
| TMPRSS3 | NM_024022.2 |
| TPO | NM_000547.5 |
| TPP1 | NM_000391.3 |
| TREX1 | NM_033629.4 |
| TRIM32 | NM_012210.3 |
| TRIM37 | NM_015294.4 |
| TRMU | NM_018006.4 |
| TSEN54 | NM_207346.2 |
| TSFM* | NM_001172696.1 |
| TSHB | NM_000549.4 |
| TSHR | NM_000369.2 |
| TTC37 | NM_014639.3 |
| TTPA | NM_000370.3 |
| TULP1 | NM_003322.4 |
| TYMP | NM_001953.4 |
| TYR* | NM_000372.4 |
| TYRP1 | NM_000550.2 |
| UBR1 | NM_174916.2 |
| UNC13D | NM_199242.2 |

| GENE | TRANSCRIPT |
|---------|----------------|
| USH1C* | NM_005709.3 |
| USH2A | NM_206933.2 |
| VDR | NM_001017535.1 |
| VLDLR | NM_003383.4 |
| VPS11 | NM_021729.5 |
| VPS13A* | NM_033305.2 |
| VPS13B | NM_017890.4 |
| VPS45 | NM_007259.4 |
| VPS53* | NM_001128159.2 |
| VRK1 | NM_003384.2 |
| VSX2 | NM_182894.2 |
| WAS | NM_000377.2 |
| WISP3 | NM_003880.3 |
| WNT10A | NM_025216.2 |
| WRN* | NM_000553.4 |
| XPA | NM_000380.3 |
| XPC | NM_004628.4 |
| ZBTB24 | NM_014797.2 |
| ZFYVE26 | NM_015346.3 |
| ZNF469 | NM_001127464.2 |



DOB:

Invitae #:

Methods

■ Genomic DNA obtained from the submitted sample is enriched for targeted regions using a hybridization-based protocol, and sequenced using Illumina technology. Unless otherwise indicated, all targeted regions are sequenced with ≥50x depth or are supplemented with additional analysis. Reads are aligned to a reference sequence (GRCh37), and sequence changes are identified and interpreted in the context of a single clinically relevant transcript, indicated in the Genes Analyzed table. Enrichment and analysis focus on the coding sequence of the indicated transcripts, 20bp of flanking intronic sequence, and other specific genomic regions demonstrated to be causative of disease at the time of assay design. Promoters, untranslated regions, and other non-coding regions are not otherwise interrogated. Exonic deletions and duplications are called using an in-house algorithm that determines copy number at each target by comparing the read depth for each target in the proband sequence with both mean read-depth and read-depth distribution, obtained from a set of clinical samples. Markers across the X and Y chromosomes are analyzed for quality control purposes and may detect deviations from the expected sex chromosome complement. Such deviations may be included in the report in accordance with internal guidelines. Invitae utilizes a classification methodology to identify next-generation sequencing (NGS)-detected variants that require orthogonal confirmation (Lincoln, et al. J Mol Diagn. 2019 Mar;21(2):318-329). Confirmation of the presence and location of reportable variants is performed as needed based on stringent criteria using one of several validated orthogonal approaches (PubMed ID 30610921). Sequencing is performed by Invitae Corporation (1400 16th Street, San Francisco, CA 94103, #05D2040778).

The following additional analyses are performed if relevant to the requisition. For GBA the reference genome has been modified to mask the sites of polymorphic paralog sequence variants (PSVs) in both the gene and pseudogene. For CYP21A2 and GBA, if one or more reportable variants, gene conversion, or fusion event is identified via our NGS pipeline (see Limitations), these variants are confirmed by PacBio sequencing of an amplicon generated by long-range PCR and subsequent short-range PCR. In some cases, it may not be possible to disambiguate between the gene and pseudogene. For GJB2, the reportable range includes large upstream deletions overlapping GJB6. For HBA1/2, the reference genome has been modified to force some sequencing reads derived from HBA1 to align to HBA2, and variant calling algorithms are modified to support an expectation of 4 alleles in these regions. HBA1/2 copy number calling is performed by a custom hypothesis testing algorithm which generates diplotype calls. If sequence data for a sample does not support a unique high confidence match from among hypotheses tested, that sample is flagged for manual review. Copy number variation is only reported for coding sequence of HBA1 and HBA2 and the HS-40 region. This assay does not distinguish among the -α3.7 subtypes, and all -α3.7 variants are called as HBA1 deletions. This assay may not detect overlapping copy gain and copy loss events when the breakpoints of those events are similar. For FMR1, cytosine-guanine-guanine (CGG) triplet repeats in the 5' untranslated region (5' UTR) of the FMR1 gene are detected by triplet repeat-primed PCR (RP-PCR) with fluorescently labeled primers followed by capillary electrophoresis. Reference ranges: Normal: <45 CGG repeats, intermediate: 45-54 CGG repeats, premutation: 55-200 CGG repeats, full mutation: >200 CGG repeats. For alleles with 55-90 triplet repeats, the region surrounding the FMR1 repeat is amplified by PCR. The PCR amplicons are then processed through PacBio SMRTBell library prep and sequenced using PacBio long read technology. The number of AGG interruptions within the 55-90 triplet repeat is read directly from the resulting DNA sequences.

- This report only includes variants that have a clinically significant association with the conditions tested as of the report date. Variants of uncertain significance, benign variants, and likely benign variants are not included in this report. However, if additional evidence becomes available to indicate that the clinical significance of a variant has changed, Invitae may update this report and provide notification.
- A PMID is a unique identifier referring to a published, scientific paper. Search by PMID at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed.
- An rsID is a unique identifier referring to a single genomic position, and is used to associate population frequency information with sequence changes at that position. Reported population frequencies are derived from a number of public sites that aggregate data from large-scale population sequencing projects, including ExAC (http://exac.broadinstitute.org), gnomAD (http://gnomad.broadinstitute.org), and dbSNP (http://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/SNP).

Disclaimer

DNA studies do not constitute a definitive test for the selected condition(s) in all individuals. It should be realized that there are possible sources of error. Errors can result from trace contamination, rare technical errors, rare genetic variants that interfere with analysis, recent scientific developments, and alternative classification systems. This test should be one of many aspects used by the healthcare provider to help with a diagnosis and treatment plan, but it is not a diagnosis itself. This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Invitae. It has not been cleared or approved by



DOB:

3:

Invitae #:

the FDA. The laboratory is regulated under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act (CLIA) as qualified to perform high-complexity clinical tests (CLIA ID: 05D2040778). This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research.

Limitations

- Based on validation study results, this assay achieves >99% analytical sensitivity and specificity for single nucleotide variants, insertions and deletions <15bp in length, and exon-level deletions and duplications. Invitae's methods also detect insertions and deletions larger than 15bp but smaller than a full exon but sensitivity for these may be marginally reduced. Invitae's deletion/duplication analysis determines copy number at a single exon resolution at virtually all targeted exons. However, in rare situations, single-exon copy number events may not be analyzed due to inherent sequence properties or isolated reduction in data quality. Certain types of variants, such as structural rearrangements (e.g. inversions, gene conversion events, translocations, etc.) or variants embedded in sequence with complex architecture (e.g. short tandem repeats or segmental duplications), may not be detected. Additionally, it may not be possible to fully resolve certain details about variants, such as mosaicism, phasing, or mapping ambiguity. Unless explicitly guaranteed, sequence changes in the promoter, non-coding exons, and other non-coding regions are not covered by this assay. Please consult the test definition on our website for details regarding regions or types of variants that are covered or excluded for this test. This report reflects the analysis of an extracted genomic DNA sample. While this test is intended to reflect the analysis of extracted genomic DNA from a referred patient, in very rare cases the analyzed DNA may not represent that individual's constitutional genome, such as in the case of a circulating hematolymphoid neoplasm, bone marrow transplant, blood transfusion, chimerism, culture artifact or maternal cell contamination.
 - FMR1 testing is limited to repeat expansion analysis only, and does not include coding region sequence, CNV analysis or FMR1 methylation. Sizing accuracy is expected to be +/-1 for CGG repeat alleles less than or equal to 90 repeat units and +/-3 for CGG repeat alleles greater than 90 repeat units. If the two CGG repeat counts listed are the same, it most likely indicates homozygosity; however, in very rare scenarios it could be the result of biological or technical reasons including, but not limited to, sex chromosome anomalies, allelic dropout, or sample submission errors. This test is not intended to diagnose sex chromosome aneuploidy, although evidence of such incidental findings may be present in the analysis and reported. The number of AGG interruptions is only determined for females ≥12 years of age with triplet repeat sizes of 55-90. Due to somatic mosaicism and/or repeat instability of expanded alleles, repeat size identified in DNA isolated from peripheral blood, buccal cells, or saliva may not reflect the repeat size in untested tissues (e.g. brain, gonads). In addition, a negative result does not definitively rule out the presence of an expansion in the mosaic state, as the current test is not validated to detect low-level mosaic variants. This report reflects the analysis of an extracted genomic DNA sample. While this test is intended to reflect the analysis of extracted genomic DNA from a referred patient, in very rare cases the analyzed DNA may not represent that individual's constitutional genome, such as in the case of a circulating hematolymphoid neoplasm, bone marrow transplant, blood transfusion, chimerism, culture artifact or maternal cell contamination. AR: CAG repeat numbers are not determined. ANO10: Sequencing analysis for exons 8 includes only cds +/- 0 bp. ATP8B1: Sequencing analysis for exons 19 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. AIPL1: Sequencing analysis for exons 2 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. GHR: Deletion/duplication and sequencing analysis is not offered for exon 3. TBCE: Sequencing analysis for exons 2 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. CYP21A2: Analysis includes the most common variants (c.92C>T(p.Pro31Leu), c.293-13C>G (intronic), c.332_339delGAGACTAC (p.Gly111Valfs*21), c.518T>A (p.lle173Asn), c.710T>A (p.lle237Asn), c.713T>A (p.Val238Glu), c.719T>A (p.Met240Lys), c.844G>T (p.Val282Leu), c.923dupT (p.Leu308Phefs*6), c.955C>T (p.Gln319*), c.1069C>T(p.Arg357Trp), c.1360C>T (p.Pro454Ser) and the 30Kb deletion) as well as select rare HGMD variants only (list available upon request). Full gene duplications are reported only in the presence of a pathogenic variant(s). When a duplication and a pathogenic variant(s) is identified, phase (cis/trans) cannot be determined. Full gene deletion analysis is not offered. Sensitivity to detect these variants, if they result from complex gene conversion/fusion events, may be reduced. TYR: Deletion/duplication and sequencing analysis is not offered for exon 5. PTPRC: Sequencing analysis is not offered for exons 3, 15. ABCC2: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exons 24-25. OTOA: Deletion/duplication and sequencing analysis is not offered for exons 20-28. DUOX2: Deletion/duplication and sequencing analysis is not offered for exons 6-7. TG: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 18. Sequencing analysis for exons 44 includes only cds +/- 0 bp. FANCD2: Deletion/ duplication analysis is not offered for exons 14-17, 22 and sequencing analysis is not offered for exons 15-17. Sequencing analysis for exons 6, 14, 18, 20, 23, 25, 34 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. FANCL: Sequencing analysis for exons 4, 10 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. ARX: Analysis is validated to detect polyalanine expansions but sensitivity may be reduced. ATM: Sequencing analysis for exons 6, 24, 43 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. CFTR: Sequencing analysis for exons 7 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. EYS: Sequencing analysis for exons 30 includes only cds +/- 0 bp. FAH: Deletion/ duplication analysis is not offered for exon 14. FH: Sequencing analysis for exons 9 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. GALC: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 6. GBA: c.84dupG (p.Leu29Alafs*18), c.115+1G>A (Splice donor), c.222_224delTAC (p.Thr75del), c.475C>T (p.Arg159Trp), c.595_596delCT (p.Leu199Aspfs*62), c.680A>G (p.Asn227Ser), c.721G>A (p.Gly241Arg), c.754T>A (p.Phe252lle), c.1226A>G (p.Asn409Ser), c.1246G>A (p.Gly416Ser), c.1263_1317del (p.Leu422Profs*4), c.1297G>T (p.Val433Leu), c.1342G>C (p.Asp448His), c.1343A>T (p.Asp448Val), c.1448T>C (p.Leu483Pro), c.1504C>T (p.Arg502Cys), c.1505G>A (p.Arg502His), c.1603C>T (p.Arg535Cys), c.1604G>A



DOB: Invitae #:

(p.Arg535His) variants only. Rarely, sensitivity to detect these variants may be reduced. When sensitivity is reduced, zygosity may be reported as "unknown". GNE: Sequencing analysis for exons 8 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. HBA1/2: This assay is designed to detect deletions and duplications of HBA1 and/or HBA2, resulting from the -alpha20.5, --MED, --SEA, --FIL/--THAI, -alpha3.7, -alpha4.2, anti3.7 and anti4.2. Sensitivity to detect other copy number variants may be reduced. Detection of overlapping deletion and duplication events will be limited to combinations of events with significantly differing boundaries. In addition, deletion of the enhancer element HS-40 and the sequence variant, Constant Spring (NM_000517.4:c.427T>C), can be identified by this assay. IDS: Detection of complex rearrangements not offered (PMID: 7633410, 20301451). LIFR: Sequencing analysis for exons 3 includes only cds +/- 5 bp. MLC1: Sequencing analysis for exons 11 includes only cds +/- 10 bp. MTHFR: The NM_005957.4:c.665C>T (p.Ala222Val) (aka 677C>T) and c.1286A>C (p.Glu429Ala) (aka 1298A>C) variants are not reported in our primary report. NEB: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exons 82-105. NEB variants in this region with no evidence towards pathogenicity are not included in this report, but are available upon request. OAT: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 2. PEX1: Sequencing analysis for exons 16 includes only cds +/- 0 bp. PKHD1: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 13. SMN1: Systematic exon numbering is used for all genes, including SMN1, and for this reason the exon typically referred to as exon 7 in the literature (PMID: 8838816) is referred to as exon 8 in this report. This assay unambiguously detects SMN1 exon 8 copy number. The presence of the g.27134T>G variant (also known as c.*3+80T>G) is reported if SMN1 copy number = 2. SMN1 or SMN2: NM_000344.3:c.*3+80T>G variant only. TSFM: Sequencing analysis is not offered for exon 5. USH1C: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exons 5-6. VPS13A: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exons 2-3, 27-28. VPS53: Sequencing analysis for exons 14 includes only cds +/- 5 bp. AMN: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 1. MID1: Sequencing analysis for exons 3 includes only cds +/- 0 bp. GALE: Sequencing analysis for exons 10 includes only cds +/- 5 bp. DDX11: NM_030653.3:c.1763-1G>C variant only. BBS9: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 4. COL11A2: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exon 36. WRN: Deletion/duplication analysis is not offered for exons 10-11. Sequencing analysis for exons 8, 10-11 includes only cds +/- 10 bp.

This report has been reviewed and approved by:

Mei Zhu, Ph.D., FACMG

mezh

Clinical Molecular Geneticist

Cb, 583

DOB:

Patient Report

labcorp

Patient ID: Specimen ID:

Age: Sex: **Male** Account Number: **34334785**Ordering Physician: **D PRESCOTT**

Date Collected: 09/27/2023

Date Received: 09/27/2023

Date Reported: 10/14/2023

Fasting: No

Ordered Items: Chromosome, Blood, Routine; Count 15-20 cells, 2 Karyotype; Chromosome Blood Routine 88230

Date Collected: 09/27/2023

Chromosome, Blood, Routine

| Test | Current Result and Flag | Previous Result and Date | Units | Reference Interval |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| Specimen Type ⁰¹ | Comment: | | | |
| | BLOOD | | | |
| Cells Counted 01 | 20 | | | |
| Cells Analyzed 01 | 20 | | | |
| Cells Karyotyped ⁰¹ | 2 | | | |
| GTG Band Resolution | ¥ | | | |
| Achieved 01 | 500 | | | |
| Cytogenetic Result ⁰¹ | Comment: | | | |
| | 46,XY | | | |
| Interpretation ⁰¹ | Comment: | , | | |
| | NORMAL MALE KARYOTYPE | | | |
| | Cytogenetic analysis of | PHA stimulated cultures has | | |
| | revealed a MALE karyotype wi | th an apparently normal GTG | | |
| | banding pattern in all cells | | | |
| | | xclude the possibility of sub | otle | |
| | rearrangements below the res | olution of cytogenetics or | | |
| | congenital anomalies due to | other etiologies. | | |
| Director Review:01 | Comment: | | | |
| | ALEXANDRA ARREOLA, PHD, FACM | G | | |
| PDF | | | | |

Disclaimer

The Previous Result is listed for the most recent test performed by Labcorp in the past 5 years where there is sufficient patient demographic data to match the result to the patient. Results from certain tests are excluded from the Previous Result display.

Icon Legend

Performing Labs

01: YU - Labcorp RTP, 1904 TW Alexander Drive Ste C, RTP, NC 27709-0153 Dir: Anjen Chenn, MDPhD For Inquiries, the physician may contact Branch: 800-321-3862 Lab: 800-282-7300

ENTERED: CF 10-26-23 VERIFIED: 5A 10-25-23 Cb, 583

Patient Report

labcorp

Patient ID:

DOB: Age:

Specimen ID

Sex: Male

Account Number: 34334785 Ordering Physician: D PRESCOTT

Patient Details

Cb, 583

Physician Details **D PRESCOTT**

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd., Ste 200,

Columbus, OH, 43214

Phone:

Date of Birth:

Age:

Sex: Male Patient ID:

Alternate Patient ID:

Cryo Biology

Phone: 614-451-4375 Account Number: 34334785 Physician ID: PRESCOTT,D

NPI: 1285675868

Specimen Details Specimen ID: Control ID:

Alternate Control Number:

Date Collected: 09/27/2023 0830 Local Date Received: 09/27/2023 0000 ET Date Entered: 09/27/2023 2216 ET Date Reported: 10/14/2023 0809 ET

10/14/2023 08:14:57 am TO:Cryo Biology ATTN:



Client/Sending Facility:

Cryo Biology

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd., Ste 200

Columbus, OH 43214 Ph: (614)451-4375

OHB-12

LCLS Specimen Number:

Account Number: 34334785

Patient Name: CB, 583

Ordering Physician: **D PRESCOTT,D**

Date of Birth:

Specimen Type: **BLOOD**

Gender: M

Client Reference:

Date Collected: 09/27/2023

Patient ID: Lab Number:

Date Received: 09/28/2023

Indications: NOT GIVEN

Date Reported: 10/14/2023

Test: Chromosome, Blood, Routine

Cells Counted: 20

Cells Karyotyped: 2

Cells Analyzed: 20

Band Resolution: 500

CYTOGENETIC RESULT: 46,XY

INTERPRETATION: NORMAL MALE KARYOTYPE

Cytogenetic analysis of PHA stimulated cultures has revealed a MALE karyotype with an apparently normal GTG banding pattern in all cells observed.

This result does not exclude the possibility of subtle rearrangements below the resolution of cytogenetics or congenital anomalies due to other etiologies.



LCLS Specimen Number:

Patient Name: CB, 583

Date of Birth: Gender: M Patient ID:

Lab Number:

Client/Sending Facility:

Cryo Biology

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd., Ste 200 Columbus, OH 43214 Ph: (614)451-4375 OHB-12

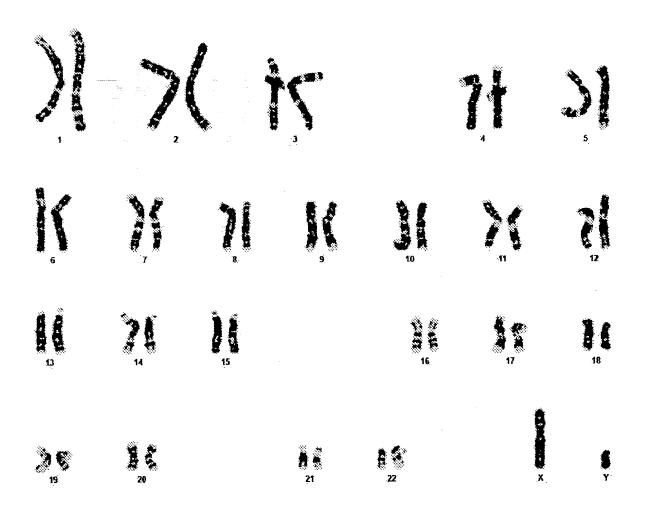
Account Number: 34334785

Ordering Physician: **D PRESCOTT,D**

Specimen Type: BLOOD

Client Reference:

Date Collected: 09/27/2023 Date Received: 09/28/2023





Client/Sending Facility:

Cryo Biology

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd., Ste 200

Columbus, OH 43214 Ph: (614)451-4375

OHB-12

LCLS Specimen Number:

Patient Name: CB, 583

Date of Birth:

Gender: M

Patient ID:

Lab Number:

Account Number: 34334785

Ordering Physician: D PRESCOTT,D

Specimen Type: BLOOD

Client Reference:

Date Collected: 09/27/2023

Date Received: 09/28/2023

ALEXANDRA ARREOLA, PHD, FACMG

Alefandia Ameda

Anjen Chenn, M.D., Ph.D. Medical Director

Technical component performed by Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings, 1904 TW Alexander Drive , RTP , NC , 27709-0153 $\,$ (800) 345-4363 $\,$

Professional Component performed by LabCorp CLIA 34D1008914, 1109 Poplar Street, Durham, NC 27703. Medical Director Anjen Chenn, M.D., Ph.D. Integrated Genetics is a brand used by Esoterix Genetic Laboratories, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Laboratory Comporation of America Holdings.

This document contains private and confidential health information protected by state and federal law.

If you have received this document in error, please call 800-533-0567.

Patient Report

Specimen ID: Control ID:

CB, 583

ENTERED: UF 1-21-23 VERIFIED: US 7-21-23

labcorp

Acct #: 34334785

Phone: (614) 451-4375

Rte: 00

Cryo Biology

4845 Knightsbridge Blvd., Ste 200

Columbus OH 43214

Patient Details

DOB: Age(y/m/d): Gender: M Patient ID:

Specimen Details

Date collected: 07/21/2023 0830 Local

Date received: 07/21/2023 **Date entered:** 07/21/2023 Date reported: 07/25/2023 0819 ET **Physician Details** Ordering: D PRESCOTT

Referring: ID: PRESCOTT,D NPI: 1285675868

General Comments & Additional Information

Total Volume: Not Provided

Fasting: No

Ordered Items

CBC With Differential/Platelet; Hgb Fractionation Cascade

| TESTS | | LAG UNITS | REFERENCE INTERVAL | LAB |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----|
| CBC With Differential/Pla | atelet | | | |
| WBC | 8.2 | x10E3/uL | 3.4-10.8 | 01 |
| RBC | 5.04 | x10E6/uL | 4.14-5.80 | 01 |
| Hemoglobin | 15.4 | g/dL | 13.0-17.7 | 01 |
| Hematocrit | 46.7 | % | 37.5-51.0 | 01 |
| MCV | 93 | fL | 79-97 | 01 |
| MCH | 30.6 | pg | 26.6-33.0 | 01 |
| MCHC | 33.0 | g/dL | 31.5-35.7 | 01 |
| RDW | 12.7 | 90 | 11.6-15.4 | 01 |
| Platelets | 262 | x10E3/uL | 150-450 | 01 |
| Neutrophils | 57 | 90 | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Lymphs | 33 | 00 | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Monocytes | 6 | 90 | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Eos | 3 | 90 | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Basos | 1 | 90 | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Neutrophils (Absolute) | 4.7 | x10E3/uL | 1.4-7.0 | 01 |
| Lymphs (Absolute) | 2.7 | x10E3/uL | 0.7-3.1 | 01 |
| Monocytes (Absolute) | 0.5 | x10E3/uL | 0.1-0.9 | 01 |
| Eos (Absolute) | 0.3 | x10E3/uL | 0.0-0.4 | 01 |
| Baso (Absolute) | 0.1 | x10E3/uL | 0.0-0.2 | 01 |
| Immature Granulocytes | 0 | % | Not Estab. | 01 |
| Immature Grans (Abs) | 0.0 | x10E3/uL | 0.0-0.1 | 01 |
| Hgb Fractionation Cascade | 9 | | | |
| Hgb Fractionation by CE: | | | | 01 |
| Hgb F | 0.0 | % | 0.0-2.0 | 01 |
| Hgb A | 97.5 | % | 96.4-98.8 | 01 |
| Hgb A2 | 2.5 | % | 1.8-3.2 | 01 |
| Hgb S | 0.0 | % | 0.0 | 01 |
| Interpretation: | | | | 01 |
| Normal hemoglobin pr | resent; no hemoglo | bin variant or b | eta thalassemia | |

Patient Report

(labcorp

Patient: CB, 583 DOB:

Patient ID:

Control ID:

Specimen ID:
Date collected: 07/21/2023 0830 Local

TESTS

RESULT FLAG

REFERENCE INTERVAL

identified.

Note: Alpha thalassemia may not be detected by the Hgb Fractionation Cascade panel. If alpha thalassemia is suspected, Labcorp offers Alpha-Thalassemia DNA Analysis (#511172).

01 CB Labcorp Dublin 6370 Wilcox Road, Dublin, OH 43016-1269

Dir: Vincent Ricchiuti, PhD

UNITS

For inquiries, the physician may contact Branch: 800-321-3862 Lab: 800-282-7300